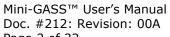
Mini-GASS™

Sample Conditioning System User's Manual



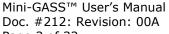






Contents

Unpacking	3
Important safety warnings	5
General description	ε
Specifications and Features	7
Installation	8
Electrical connections	10
Start-up procedure	11
Preheating the system	13
System fine tuning	14
Maintenance	14
Replacement parts	17
APPENDIX A: Warranty and disclaimers	19
APPENDIX B: Dryer element replacement	20
APPENDIX C: Flange Mounted with Integral Sampling Probe and Filter Blowback	21
APPENDIX D: Diagrams	24
APPENDIX E: Z-Purge	30
APPENDIX F: Safety Interlock System	31







Unpacking

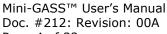
Perma Pure has made every effort to ship you a high quality product that has been thoroughly inspected and tested. It has been carefully packed to ensure that it arrives at your facility in good condition. Even though every effort has been made to prevent damage during transportation, damage can occur by the carrier. This is out of Perma Pure's control and is the responsibility of the carrier to ensure that your equipment arrives intact and undamaged.

- ❖ Inspect outside packaging. If there is any visible damage, inform the carrier at the time of delivery. This inspection is important! Once the package is signed for, responsibility for any visible damage then transfers to the consignee.
- ❖ Unpack your equipment. Visually inspect the outside of your equipment for any damage. If there is any damage, *contact the carrier immediately*. Generally, a carrier must be notified within 24 hours of the delivery to make a hidden damage claim. Save the packing material in the event a damage claim must be verified by the carrier.

Items in the carton include:

- (1) Mini-GASS sampling system
- (1) Heated line seal fitting
- (1) User's Manual

If any of the above parts are missing or damaged, call the helpline at (800) 337-3762 ext-145.



Page 4 of 32



WARNING



Thank you for purchasing sample gas conditioning equipment from Perma Pure LLC. We want your new sample gas conditioning equipment to operate safely. Anyone who installs or uses this equipment should read this publication before installing or operating this equipment.

To minimize the risk of potential safety problems, you should follow all applicable local and national codes that regulate the installation and operation of your equipment. These codes vary from area to area and usually change with time. It is your responsibility to determine which codes should be followed and to verify the equipment, installation and operation is in compliance with the latest revision of these codes.

At a minimum, you should follow all applicable sections of the National Fire Code, National Electrical Code, and the codes of the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA). There may be local regulatory or government offices that can also help determine which codes and standards are necessary for safe installation and operation.

Equipment damage or serious personal injury can result from the failure to follow all applicable codes and standards. We do not guarantee the products described in this publication are suitable for your particular application, nor do we assume any responsibility for your system design, installation or operation. This product should not be operated in any manner that is inconsistent with its intended use.

If you have any questions concerning the installation or operation of this equipment, or you need additional information, please call us at 1-800-337-3762.

This publication is based on information that was available at the time it was printed. At Perma Pure we constantly strive to improve our products and services, so we reserve the right to make changes to the products and/or publications at any time without notice and without any obligation. This publication may also discuss features that may not be available in certain revisions of the product.

This equipment is to be installed and operated by trained personnel, with sufficient command of the English language to clearly understand the instructions and safety warnings.

Trademarks

Nafion® and Teflon® are registered trademarks of El DuPont de Nemours Copyright 1996-2005, Perma Pure LLC. All Rights Reserved.

Page 5 of 32

Important safety warnings

Please be sure to review the following basic safety procedures. These procedures represent the MINIMUM requirements to operate the equipment safely. It is the ultimate responsibility of the operator to ensure proper safety practices are utilized at the point of operation.

- This equipment is **NOT** designed to operate in a wet environment.
- <u>Condensate is potentially dangerous</u>. <u>NEVER</u> handle drain lines or any other item that may have come in contact with the gas stream or any hazardous material, without adequate personal protective equipment. <u>ALWAYS</u> assume that any liquid present is hazardous.
- <u>Sample gas is potentially dangerous</u>. A leak test is recommended at initial startup and as often as necessary to maintain a safe working environment around the equipment. The gas stream exhaust must exit away from all personnel to prevent dangerous exposure.
- <u>NEVER operate the equipment with any part of the enclosure unsecured</u>. All operated doors and covers must be in place and secured prior to operation. Electrical current may be present behind covers or doors, even if tools are not necessary to access these components.
- **NEVER** attempt service on this equipment without first disconnecting all energy sources. Repair of this equipment should only be done by properly trained personnel that are familiar with the potential risks involved with servicing of the equipment.
- **NEVER** replace fuses with types other then the sample specification of type and current. Do not bypass this or any other safety device.
- **NEVER** operate this equipment if it is visibly damaged or the possibility exists that it may have been damaged.
- The use of components that have not been purchased through an authorized Perma Pure dealer or directly from Perma Pure may compromise the safety of the operator. Additionally, use of non-authorized components may change the operating characteristics of this equipment. Any changes to the equipment that modify its operation in any way are dangerous, and are strictly prohibited.
- Read the entire operating manual before attempting to set up or operate the equipment.
- Please heed all warning labels that are on the equipment. They are there to remind you of possible hazardous conditions.
- Verify the integrity of any mechanical and/or electrical connections that are made to the unit.
- Verify that the unit is connected to the proper rated power for the system.
- Verify that the unit is plumbed properly to operate effectively.

General description

Proven tube-in-shell membrane technology is the basis of the Mini-GASS $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ Conditioning System, which selectively removes water vapor from a gas stream. The driving force is the vapor pressure differential between the sample gas and a purge gas counter-flowing outside the tubing. This difference quickly dries the gas stream.

The Mini-GASS standard features include a heated enclosure, particulate and/or coalescing filter, Nafion® gas dryer, temperature controller and dryer purge flow controls. There are also a number of options which may have been included in your system. See Figure 1

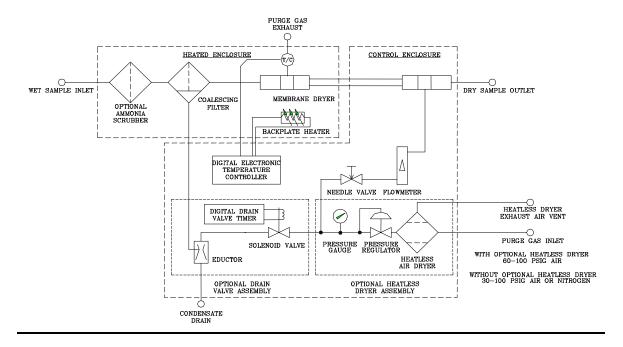


Figure 1 Mini-GASS flow diagram



Specifications and Features

Sample flow rate 0 to 10 lpm

Sample inlet temperature 250°F (121°C) max. with stainless steel filter

230°F (110°C) max. with Kynar filter

Sample inlet water vapor 30% by volume maximum

Sample inlet pressure:

Without purge eductor option With purge eductor option

Purge air requirements

Vortex cooler(w/sample pump)

Outlet sample dew point

With DD 200T 24CC days

With PD-200T-24SS dryer

With PD-100T-24SS dryer

With PD-50T-24SS dryer

Gas sample inlet and outlet fittings

Electrical requirements

Fuse Enclosure

Dimensions: MG-1228

MG-2812P

MG-1220

Operating environment

maximum 20 psig; minimum 5" H₂O vacuum minimum 10" H₂O vacuum

Maximum 1 cfm of oil-free instrument air or nitrogen

with less than -40°C dew point

2 CFM clean, dry air @ 80PSIG

26° F (-4° C) at 10 lpm 12° F (-12° C) at 5 lpm

-12° F (-25° C) at 2 lpm

36° F (2° C) at 10 lpm 26° F (-4° C) at 5 lpm 6° F (-15° C) at 2 lpm

42° F (5° C) at 10 lpm

34° F (1° C) at 5 lpm 22° F (-6° C) at 2 lpm

1/4" or 3/8" tubing fittings

 $115V \pm 10\%$ or $230V \pm 10\%$, 50/60Hz, 8.0A/4.0A (up to

900 Watts depending on options)

8A/4A BUSS type AGC or equivalent

NEMA 4X, Fiberglass with polycarbonate cover

12" W x 28" H x 7" Deep 28" W x 12" H x 7" Deep

12" W x 20" H x 7" Deep

-20°C to 40°C ambient temperature; 0-95% RH

Altitude – up to 2000m

Installation

Mounting

- 1. Install Mini-GASS system on vertical surface with dryer/filter compartment on top and control compartment on bottom.
- 2. Place mounting feet on each corner of enclosure with slotted end protruding at a 45° angle.
- 3. Drop mounting screw in from top and tighten into foot.

Connections (Refer to figure 2)

Heated sample line

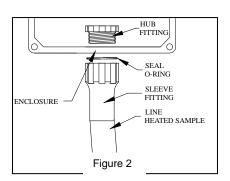
- 1. Install heated line sealing fitting by threading hub into sleeve.
- 2. Ensure o-ring seal is installed on outside of enclosure (between sleeve & enclosure wall).
- 3. Run heated sample line through entry seal and into enclosure.
- 4. Connect sample line to compression fitting (labeled "Wet Sample In")
- 5. Shrink entry seal tubing around heated sample line with heat gun.
- 6. Connect sample outlet port of Mini-GASS to sample line running to analyzers. High temperature heated line is not necessary for this connection. If sample line will be exposed to freezing temperatures, freeze protected line is recommended.

Purge air supply

Instrument air

Purge gas must be of instrument grade with dew point no higher than -40°C.

- 1. On model MG-1214, the purge gas should be supplied to dryer via a 0-30 slpm flow meter and a regulator capable of supplying 0-50 psig. All other models come with a control panel that includes a flow meter and regulator.
- 2. For all other models, connect a 30-100 psig purge gas supply line to the ¼" female NPT purge inlet port of membrane dryer labeled "Instrument Air".





Heatless air dryer (optional)

- 1. Connect oil-free compressed air line to port labeled "Purge Gas Inlet"
- 2. A ¼" FNPT bulkhead fitting on bottom of enclosure is the heatless dryer purge air exhaust, see figure 3. Humid air can be vented to atmosphere or piped to a remote location.

Purge air exhaust (optional)

To vent the purge gas exhaust to a remote location, connect a line to the $\frac{1}{4}$ " FNPT fitting labeled "Purge Exhaust Port". This is suggested for gas samples that are toxic, flammable or otherwise hazardous. In case of failure of seal integrity, the sample will be vented to the remote location. For runs under 10 ft, $\frac{1}{4}$ " OD tubing is acceptable. For runs 10-40 ft, $\frac{3}{8}$ " OD tubing is recommended.

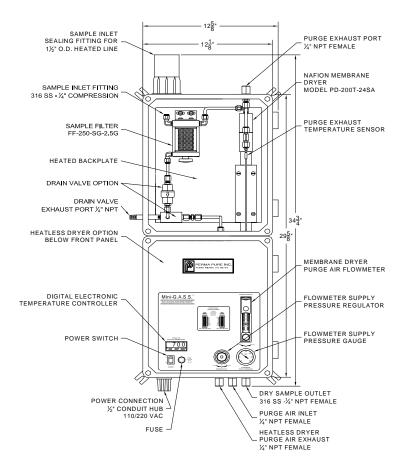


Figure 3 - Mini-GASS Sampling System

Filter drain (optional)

Connect the line from the eductor outlet to designated collection/exhaust basin containing acid absorption media to prevent release of exhaust to surrounding. ¼" i.d. tubing can be

Page 10 of 32

used for runs up to 10 feet, or larger i.d. tubing for longer exhaust lines. Line should not restrict purge flow.

Purge eductor inlet connection (optional)

Connect air supply line to compression fitting labeled "Instrument Air".

Steam connection (optional)

(Refer to figure 4)

- 1. Insulate supply line to steam control valve.
- 2. Insulate supply line between valve and steam coil.
- 3. Supply low pressure steam (50 psig max) to steam coil. Do not exceed this pressure or overheating may occur.

Outlet end of steam coil located at lower left side of enclosure is connected to a thermostatic steam trap to allow condensed steam to drain in a controlled manner. Condensate can be piped to a wastewater drain or to condensate recovery system.

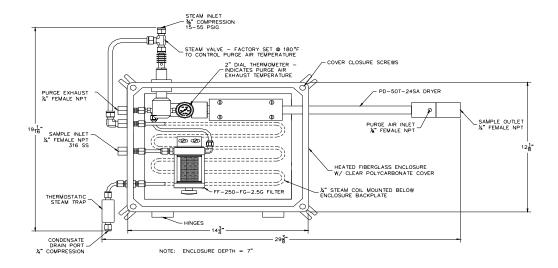


Figure 4 - Steam heated Mini-GASS

Electrical connections

Mini-GASS Model #1220 and 2812T (Transportable) have a power cord and plug for 115 VAC and power cord with pigtail wires for the 230 VAC version.

For Mini-GASS model # 1228:

Mini-GASS model 1228 is intended to be hard wired via a customer supplied disconnect switch and wire capable of supplying 5A/10A/115/230/VAC. The external disconnect switch must meet IEC 60947-1 & 60947-3 standards and must be installed in close proximity to



the equipment, within easy reach of the operator and shall be clearly marked as the disconnecting device for the Mini-GASS.

Connect power supply line to terminal block located on the backplate of the control enclosure inside the $\frac{1}{2}$ " conduit hub. (Refer to figure 5 for color coding). Connect the system to an appropriate earth ground. Adhere to all electrical code requirements in effect at the installation site. Connect power such that the protective earth conductor is the last to take the strain.

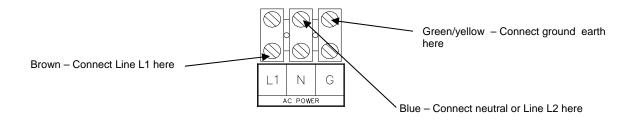


Figure 5 - Electrical Connections

Alarm Relays

The SIVS2 has a 6 pole terminal block that will allow for field wiring of alarm relays for connection of external alarm equipment (refer to Figure 6). Relay contacts are rated at 250 VAC, 3A, resistive. See Appendix F for additional information.

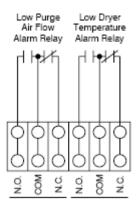


Figure 6 – Alarm Relays

Start-up procedure

Setup Check

- 1. Check that electrical, sample purge drain and /or steam connections have been made.
- 2. Turn on compressed or instrument air to system.

Page 12 of 32

Automatic Filter Drain Control (Optional)

Automatic filter drain is controlled by a repeat cycle timer that operates a solenoid valve. Two DIP switches are located on timing device to control drain and cycle times located on backside of control panel.

Standard factory setting is to drain for 0.1 minute once every 24 hours.

Drain Time (left DIP switch)	0.1 minutes (1 st switch on – all others off)	
	102.3 minutes (all switches on)	
	1 hour (1 st switch on – all others off)	
Cycle Time (right DIP switch)	То	
	1023 hours (all switches on)	

1. Adjust purge air pressure regulator to about 15 psig.

Sample under vacuum: Purge air regulator will control air pressure to educator of the automatic filter drain. Regulator must be set to provide ample vacuum to remove filter condensate but not excessive enough to cause interruption in sample flow to analyzers.

Under positive pressure: Condensate drain flow is directly controlled by solenoid valve. When solenoid valve is actuated (opened), positive pressure in filter housing purges condensate out of system through drain line.

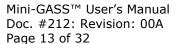
2. Initially adjust DIP switches on drain timer to drain for 6 seconds every 24 hours. Time on switches is additive. Left switch should have only top 0.1 min. switch in the "ON" position and right switch should have 8 and 16 hr. switches in the "ON" position. Time periods may need further adjustments after system has been in operation.

Temperature Control

PID Electronic Temperature Controller

- 1. Press and hold "★" key on the CAL Controls temperature controller.
- 2. Press either up or down key to adjust setpoint. Setpoint temperature will change one °C with each press of arrow key.
- 3. When desired temperature is reached, release both keys.

NOTE: MG-1228, 2812P, and 1235 systems have a low temperature alarm that is programmed into controller. Default temperature setting for alarm is 5° C below setpoint temperature. Refer to CAL Controls temperature controller manual for more information.





Steam Temperature Control

Steam heated systems are regulated by a thermostatic steam control valve located in the purge air exhaust stream. This valve is preset at the factory to an appropriate temperature determined by sample conditions. A typical setpoint temperature is 180° F which is the approximate temperature of the purge air exhaust indicated by analog thermometer located in the purge air exhaust stream.

Safety Interlocks

Systems equipped with the SIVS2 interlock option automatically shuts off the sample pump in the event of low purge airflow or low temperature in the system. To accomplish this, a differential pressure switch in the purge air inlet senses the flow of purge air and energizes a relay. This relay then sends power to the contacts of a second relay which will energize only when temperature set point has been reached. Under normal operating conditions both safety relays will remain energized (When the system is operating normally, open contacts will close and remain closed). Alarm relays may be field wired to initiate an external alarm. See Appendix F for additional information.

Preheating the system

1. Turn on AC power or steam to system.

WARNING!

On AC powered units, temperature control display should light. **DO NOT BEGIN SAMPLE FLOW AT THIS TIME!** Check purge air is flowing immediately after turning on AC power or steam. If, for any reason, there is no purge air or flow is inadequate, turn off AC power or steam before attempting to locate problem. **OPERATING SYSTEM WITH LITTLE OR NO PURGE AIR CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO MEMBRANE DRYER ASSEMBLY.**

- 2. Set purge air pressure to 15 psig.
- 3. Adjust purge air flow to 20 L/min.
- 4. Set purge air educator vacuum level to 5 in-Hg (if applicable).
- 5. Ensure purge air is exhausting from system.
- 6. The temperature controller will be alternately displaying **–AL–** and actual purge air exhaust temperature until purge air temperature comes within 5° C of setpoint temperature.
- 7. Allow 15 30 minutes of additional heating time after system has come to setpoint temperature. Sample flow may be started. For Mini-GASS with a pump, when set on "AUTO" mode, pump will turn on when unit has reached temperature and purge gas is sensed.

Page 14 of 32

System fine tuning

Temperature adjustment

Steam heated systems

Steam control valve is factory set to 180° F and is normally not field adjustable. This temperature is adequate for most applications in which sample gas water content is not in excess of 50% water vapor by volume. Consult factory if condensation in sample tubing is detected.

Electrically heated systems

- 1. Check that no condensate is present in sample line between filter and dryer.
- 2. If water droplets are visible, increase temperature of filter/dryer compartment by 5° C.
- 3. Allow about ½ hour for system to stabilize and then check again for condensate.
- 4. If necessary, continue to increase temperature in 5° C increments until condensate is no longer visible. Do not exceed 100° C! Maximum system temperature is 100° C. Operation above this temperature can cause damage to Nafion dryer. It is essential that purge gas flows continuously and setpoint temperature is not above 100° C to prevent damage to dryer.

Maintenance

Filters

If system is fitted with a pre-filter, it should be checked regularly to ensure that the element is in good condition. If element appears to be dirty or begins to cause flow restriction in system, it should be replaced.

Filter Element Replacement

(Refer to Figure 7)

- 1. Loosen bolt on bottom of filter.
- 2. Gently pull apart assembly and remove old element.
- 3. Place new element into grooves in top and bottom of housing.
- 4. When re-assembling, inspect for o-rings on top and bottom caps and on center bolt.
- 5. Install glass shell onto bottom piece.



- 6. Place new element in groove in bottom piece. Be sure that element is seated correctly and parallel to glass shell.
- 7. Carefully mate bottom assembly onto top piece. Slight twisting motion may be required to allow shell to slip over o-ring seal.
- 8. Visually make sure element is seated correctly in top groove.
- 9. Replace bolt through hole in bottom piece and screw clockwise into top piece. Do not over-tighten center bolt. It should be just tight enough so it does not vibrate loose. Over-tightening will not help the filter to seal.

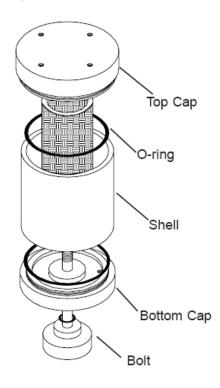


Figure 7 - Filter Element Replacement

Dryers

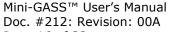
Under normal conditions, Perma Pure dryers require little maintenance and can last for several years. However, if there is no pre-filter and the tubing becomes clogged or saturated with water, the dryer may require cleaning or repair. When disassembling the dryer, note that the end fittings on the PD-SERIES dryer can be easily rotated on the shell tube. This rotation should be avoided to prevent twisting the membrane tubes inside the shell.

Refer to Appendix B for PD dryer element replacement.

Ammonia Scrubber

Media Replacement: When deposits are visible on 75% of the scrubber, scrubbing media needs to be replaced.

- 1. Unscrew thumbscrew on bottom of housing.
- 2. Swing yoke to one side.





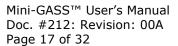
Page 16 of 32

- 3. Separate housing and bottom cap as an assembly from top cap.
- 4. Remove spring and top screen.
- 5. Remove old media and dispose of properly (rinse housing with soapy water to clean).
- 6. Fill housing with 50cc of Berl Saddles (tap housing to allow material to settle).
- 7. Pour 150cc of Scrubbing Media (tap housing to allow material to settle).
- 8. Replace stainless steel screen on top of media.
- 9. Replace spring on top of screen.
- 10. Clean o-rings on shell and inside top manifold (replace if necessary).
- 11. Place center tube into o-ring seal in top cap.
- 12. Push and twist to seal housing around o-ring.
- 13. Replace yoke and finger tighten thumbscrew (do not over tighten).

Fuse

Fuse Replacement

- 1. Turn cap marked "FUSE" counter-clockwise ¼ turn and the fuse holder will come out.
- 2. Remove the blown fuse and replace with one of equal amperage rating. The standard fuse is a BUSS type AGC or equivalent.
- 3. After installing correct replacement fuse, re-install fuse holder by pressing inward and twisting ¼ turn clockwise.





Replacement parts

3RPA-001 MG-DTC MG-TCS MG-SSR	Replacement instrument air regulator Digital temperature controller, single channel J-Type thermocouple Solid state relay
MG-FM MG-PR MG-DPS MG-PG-0-30 MG-VG-0-60	Flow meter, purge gas (0-60 lpm) Pressure regulator, purge gas or educator Differential pressure switch for purge flow detection Pressure gage, purge gas (0-30 psi) Vacuum gage, purge educator (0-30"Hg)
FF-DCV DVV-B10 DVV-B20 DVP-K10 DVP-K20 MG-DVT	Drain check valve, polypropylene, for vacuum drain Drain solenoid valve, brass, for vacuum drain 110V/60Hz Drain solenoid valve, brass, for vacuum drain 220V/50Hz Drain solenoid valve, kynar, for pressure drain 110V/60Hz Drain solenoid valve, kynar, for pressure drain 220V/50Hz Drain valve timer
MG-DC MG-1412-HB	Mounting clamps for dryer (specify dryer model) Backplate with heater for enclosure 1412
PD-50T-24EM PD-100T-24EM	50 tube dryer replacement element, 24" long, includes O rings 100 tube dryer replacement element, 24" long, includes O rings
PD-200T-24EM	200 tube dryer replacement element, 24" long, includes O rings
FF-250-E-2.5G FF-350G FF-250-3	Replacement filter element Replacement glass shell for filter Replacement O ring set, set of 3 rings
AS-200-08-EB	Media replacement for ammonia scrubber, bulk supply, 5



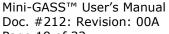


Page 18 of 32

fillings

MG-PUMPKIT Pump repair kit, Teflon diaphragm

SP-270E Ceramic filter element for MG-1228P





Page 19 of 32

APPENDIX A: Warranty and disclaimers

Perma Pure LLC

Perma Pure (Seller) warrants that product supplied hereunder shall, at the time of delivery to Buyer, conform to the published specifications of Seller and be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service. Seller's sole obligation and liability under this warranty is limited to the repair or replacement at its factory, at Seller's option, of any such product which proves defective within one year after the date of original shipment from seller's factory (or for a normal usable lifetime if the product is a disposable or expendable item) and is found to be defective in material or workmanship by Seller's inspection.

Buyer agrees that (1) any technical advice, information, suggestions, or recommendations given to Buyer by Seller or any representative of Seller with respect to the product or the suitability or desirability of the product for an particular use or application are based solely on the general knowledge of Seller, are intended for information guidance only, and do not constitute any representation or warranty by Seller that the product shall in fact be suitable or desirable for any particular use or application; (2) Buyer takes sole responsibility for the use and applications to which the product is put and Buyer shall conduct all testing and analysis necessary to validate the use and application to which Buyer puts the product for which Buyer may recommend the use or application of the product by others; and (3) the characteristics, specifications, and/or properties of the product may be affected by the processing, treatment, handling, and/or manufacturing of the product by Buyer or others and Seller takes no responsibility for he nature or consequence of such operations or as to the suitability of the product for the purposes intended to be used by Buyer or others after being subjected to such operations.

SELLER MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF THE PRODUCT SUPPLIED HEREUNDER, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND ALL SUCH WARRANTIES ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED. SELLER SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES OR LEGAL THEORY, WHETHER BASED ON NEGLIGENCE, BREACH OF WARRANTY, STRICT LIABILITY, TORT, CONTRACT, OR OTHERWISE, SELLER SHALL IN NO EVENT BE LIABLE IN RESPECT OF THIS ORDER AND OR PRODUCT DELIVERED ON ACCOUNT OF THIS ORDER FOR ANY AMOUNT GREATER THAN THAT PAID TO SELLER ON ACCOUNT OF THIS ORDER.

APPENDIX B: Dryer element replacement

TO DISASSEMBLE DRYER

Tools Needed:

- Phillips head screwdriver
- unsharpened pencil with eraser
- 1. Loosen locking screws on both ends of dryer.
- 2. Insert eraser end of pencil into one sample port until it rests on tube header face (Refer to Figure 8).
- 3. Hold dryer vertically and place other end of pencil down onto a hard, slip resistant surface.
- 4. While supporting shell tube, push lower end fitting down with consistent pressure until it slips off shell tube.

Do not attempt to pull fitting from shell tube; doing this is likely to damage dryer element tubing.



Figure 8

- 5. Repeat steps 2-4 for other end.
- 6. Remove one o-ring from tube header.
- 7. Pull tube element from opposite end of dryer.

TO ASSEMBLE DRYER (Refer to Figure 10)

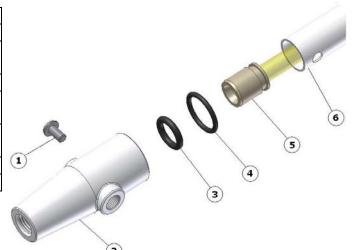
Tool Needed:

- Phillips head screwdriver
- 1. Install one thick o-ring onto grooved tube header.
- 2. Slip opposite tube header into dryer shell. Check for Alignment.
- 3. Install other thick o-ring onto groove.
- 4. Push one thin o-ring into groove inside coupling (for SS and AL shells slip o-ring on shell across two holes).
- 5. Firmly push coupling over tube header.
- 6. Align purge port with hole in shell tube (Refer to Figure 9).
- 7. Tighten locking screws until underside of screw head contacts top of boss.
- 8. Repeat steps 4-7 for opposite end.

PARTS LIST				
ITEM	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION		
1	2	SCREW, 10-24 x		
		3/8" SS		
2	2	COUPLING		
3	2	ELEMENT HEADER		
		SEAL, VITON		
4	2	SHELL TUBE SEAL,		
		VITON		
5	1	DRYER ELEMENT		
6	1	SHELL TUBE		



Figure 9



Page 21 of 32

Figure 10

APPENDIX C: Flange Mounted with Integral Sampling Probe and Filter Blowback

Installation

Flange mounted Mini-GASS® is designed to be stack mounted on 2", 3" or 4" pipe flange. The integral sample probe and filter eliminates need for a heated umbilical line to connect stack gas sampling probe to sample conditioning system.

The Mini-GASS system is attached directly to sample port flange by following the steps below:

- 1. Attach flange to sampling port using appropriate sized gasket and bolts.
- 2. Align flange holes with turnbuckle anchor at bottom. Install four appropriate sized bolts and hand tighten all four bolts evenly. Tighten with wrench (see Figure 11).
- 3. Install sampling probe pipe into pipe flange by inserting non-threaded end of probe pipe through flange (see Figure 12). Probe should extend into the center of the stack and pointing slightly downward to allow any entrained liquid to drain back into the stack.
- 4. Tighten probe pipe into flange with wrench. pipe
- 5. Attach one end of turnbuckle to anchor at bottom of flange and fix pin in place with cotter pin.

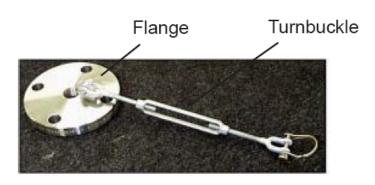


Figure 11

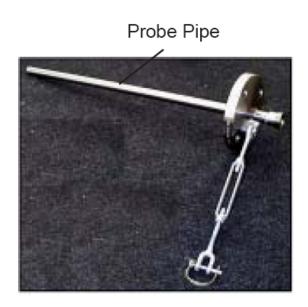


Figure 12

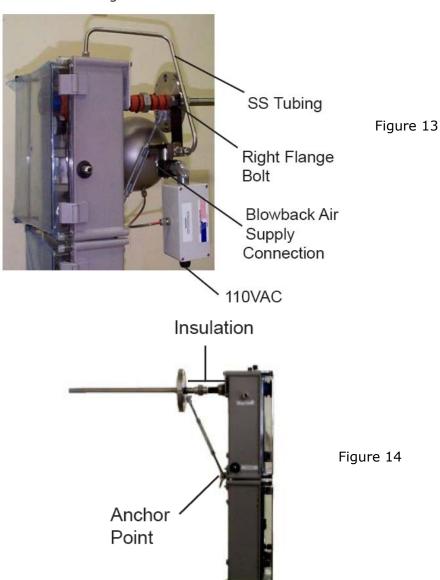
- 6. If system is being installed with automatic filter blow back option, install blow back system on right flange bolt (refer to Figures 13 and 19).
- 7. Attach pre-bent SS tubing to Mini-GASS and to blowback assembly.
- 8. Lift Mini-GASS system into place so union fitting on back of system can be attached to probe pipe. This is most easily accomplished with help of an assistant.
- 9. While holding system in place, tighten union hand tight.

Page 22 of 32

- 10. Connect free end of turnbuckle to anchor point at middle back of system (refer to Figure
- 11. Attach with stainless clevis pin.
- 12. Snap keeper wire into place.
- 13. Adjust turnbuckle by turning it out to increase length until union fitting is straight.

Turnbuckle is used only to relieve torsional load from union fitting.

- 14. Tighten union fitting with a wrench.
- 15. Install insulation between flange and back of Mini-GASS.



<u>Plumbing</u>

1. Connect blowback air line to blow back inlet port on the Mini-GASS.





Page 23 of 32

- 2. Connect cal gas line to fitting labeled "Cal Gas Inlet".
- 3. Connect 110VAC power to blow back timer *Note: This also provides power to the filter in the probe.*

Blow Back Operation

The blow back option includes a timer circuit which will initiate the blow back cycle based on a regular, adjustable time period. The time cycle control turned to the far left will cycle the blow back every 15 minutes. At the far right side, the period of time between cycles is about 24 hours. The period of time between blow back cycles should be calculated to occur as often as when the filter has trapped one gram of particulates but no less frequently than once per day.

A jumper placed between "AUTO OFF "and "COM" will disarm the timer. A contact closure between terminals labeled "MAN B-B" and "COM" will initiate a blow back cycle. The blow back solenoid valve will be opened for 2 seconds when the blow back cycle is started.

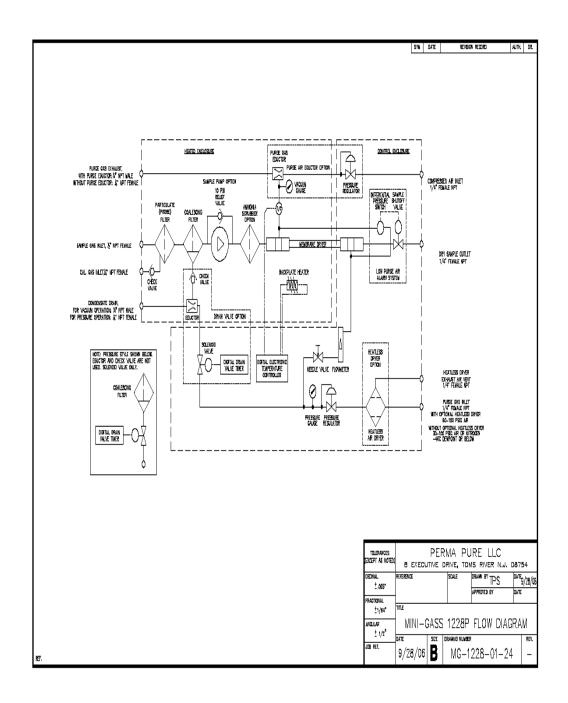
Maintenance

Changing the Filter in Blow Back/Probe Assembly

- 1. Unscrew black filter cap inside Mini-GASS system (use gloves if hot to touch).
- 2. Filter is now exposed. With a pair of pliers, pull out the old filter.
- 3. Inspect o-rings which are at each end of filter. Replace if they are charred or deformed.
- 4. Place new filter element using pliers. Ensure it is centered and in contact with o-ring.
- 5. Screw cap back on the filter body.



APPENDIX D: Diagrams



Page 25 of 32

Piping and Instrumentation Diagram

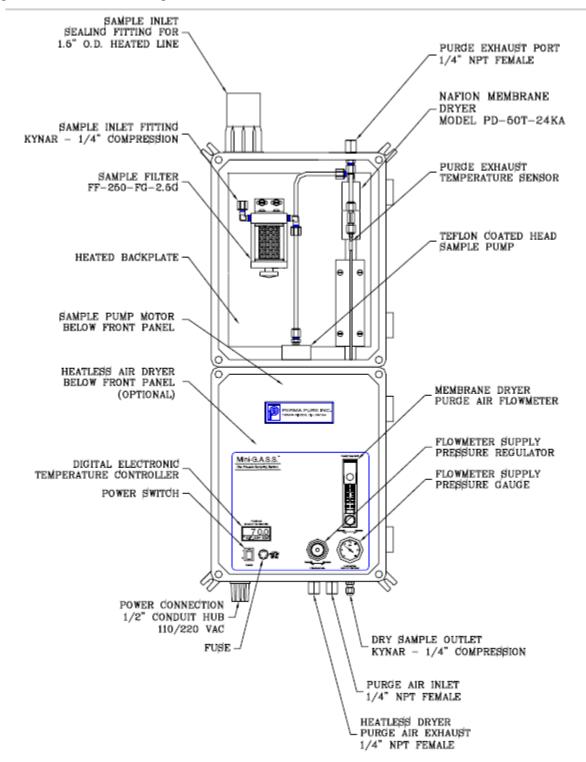


Figure 15 MG-1228 Style System



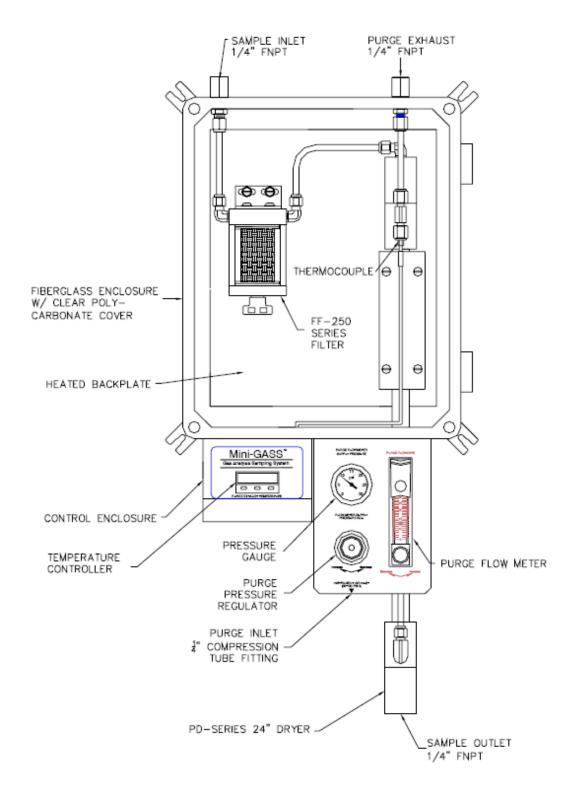


Figure 16

Page 27 of 32

MG-1220 Style System

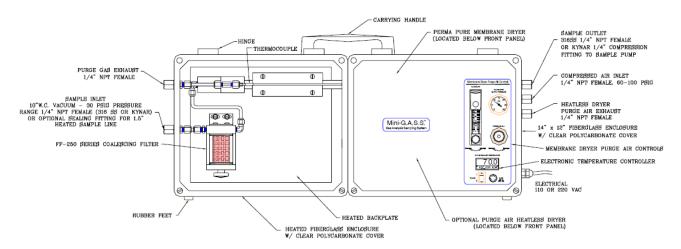


Figure 17 MG-2812T Transportable System



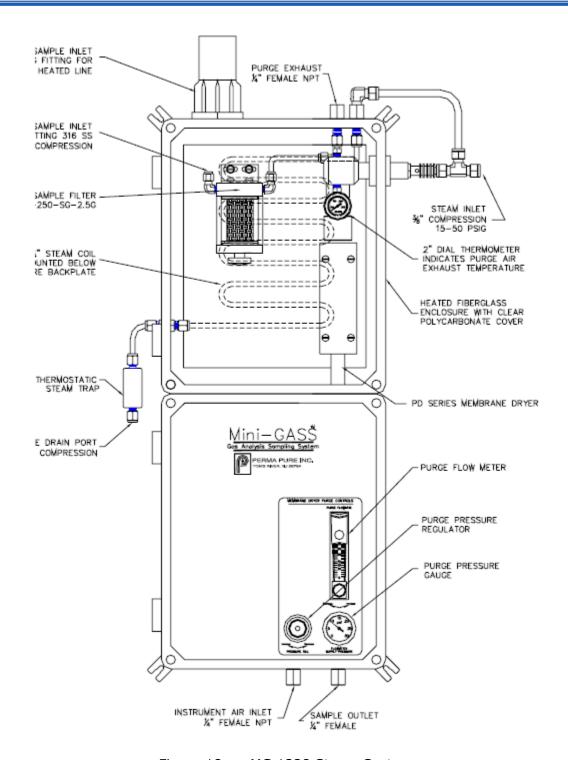


Figure 18 MG 1228 Steam System





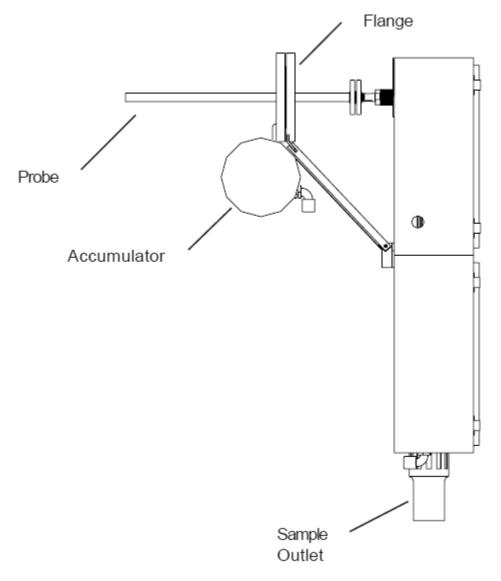


Figure 19 MG-1228 with Probe and Blowback

Page 30 of 32

APPENDIX E: Z-Purge

Operation

With the inert gas supply connected, enclosure power de-energized and alarm system (if utilized). Follow steps to purge system:

- 1. Carefully read Start-Up Instruction Nameplate on system.
- 2. Check operation of the Enclosure Protection Vent (EPV-1, if utilized), opening it manually several times (see helpful hints below)
- 3. Seal protected enclosures.
- 4. Open Enclosure Pressure Control Regulator, but turning CW, to set Enclosure Pressure Indicator at "Safe" pressure.
- 5. Ensure the Protection System Enclosure Pressure Indicator maintains a "Safe" pressure for one minute.
- 6. Standby for exchange time as specified on the Instruction Nameplate, then energize the protected enclosure power.
- 7. Ensure the Enclosure Pressure Indicator maintains a "Safe" pressure before leaving system unattended.

Z-Purge Troubleshooting

Problem or Fault	Possible Causes	Corrective Action
Enclosure pressure control regulator will not hold a safe pressure.	Leakage around gasketing, covers, seams, piping and tubing connections, conduit connections and electrical conduit seal of the enclosure.	Tighten enclosure latches: silicone sealant can be applied from inside the protected enclosure where tightening is not feasible.
Enclosure pressure indicator reading is difficult to stabilize.	In sufficient enclosure leakage or opening of the venturi orifice is crimped too small.	Remove the orifice, cut off crimped end and ream tube, then recrimp and reinstall tube. As tube is shortened, sensitivity decreases allowing easier setpoint on the enclosure.
Enclosure pressure Indicator "Drifts" up or down from the "Safe" pressure setting.	Application involves a small, tightly sealed enclosure and/or a fluctuating protective gas supply.	Pre-regulate gas supply upstream of the enclosure protection system to 5 psi maximum.
Enclosure pressure loss alarm switch does not appear to be operating.	Pressure switch is out of calibration.	Calibrate by slowly adjusting counterclockwise to decrease setpoint and clockwise to increase setpoint.

Helpful Hints

- The term "Safe" pressure for purposes of this manual is defined as follows:
 - Class I = a minimum 0.25 inch of water column pressure.
 - Class II = a minimum 1.0 inch of water column pressure.
- Regulator may be in the locked position upon arrival. To adjust regulator, pull handle to outward position.
- To test the vent's operation, gently prod the vent flapper open with a soft pointed object (i.e. eraser end of pencil) ensuring that the vent works freely.

Page 31 of 32

APPENDIX F: Safety Interlock System

Control system safety interlock

The interlock system is present to provide an output signal that can be used internally to stop sample flow via the optional internal sample pump. This system can also be used to provide an external output to a PLC or other control/monitoring system so that the status of the Mini-GASS can be monitored.

Two relays are used to perform this function:

- Low purge flow relay A differential pressure switch across the purge air ports of the PD dryer senses the flow of purge air and energizes this relay when flow is present. A minimum purge flow rate of about 10 lpm is required. Below this flow, the alarm relay will de-energize.
- Low temperature relay The CAL 3300 temperature controller has an alarm function that is used to energize this relay when the system is operating at normal temperature. The actual point at which a low temperature alarm is triggered is Set-point minus 5C. For instance, if the temperature controller is set at 90C, the alarm relay will de-energize at 85C.

The interlock system is used in the Mini-GASS to control the optional internal sample pump by simply supplying power to the sample pump motor via the alarm relays. Each of the relays is of a DPDT or double pole double throw design. This just means that there are two sets of normally open/normally closed (N.O./N.C.) contacts in each relay. One set of contacts is used internally and one set of contacts is provided to allow connection to an external system.

- Refer the drawing MG-1228-04-12. Internally these relays are wired in series to supply power to the sample pump. To accomplish this, switched line voltage (115,230VAC, Orange wire) is supplied to the common (term. #5) connection of the low purge flow relay. From the normally open (term. 3) connection of the low purge flow relay, a brown wire connects to the common (term. #3) connection of the low temperature relay. From the normally open (term. #3) connection of the low temperature relay, a gray wire connects to the sample pump. This allows the pump to start only if both relays are energized.
- Refer to Figure 20. For external connection, the second set of contacts in each relay is "dry". No power is applied. This allows the user to determine the control voltage that will be used. A typical use of the alarm signal, as described above, is to control sample flow. The actual use is left up to the customer.

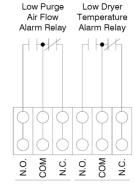


Figure 20

